

Strengthening Open Data Publication and Personal Data Protection in Albania

Simplified Logical Framework

	Description	Indicators (with relevant baseline and target data)	Sources of verification	Risks	Assumptions (external to project)
Overall Objective	Strengthen transparency and accountability in public administration through the effective promotion of open data policies, and to reinforce the protection of citizens' privacy by ensuring robust safeguards for personal data.	Baseline: legal alignment has advanced, but implementation of open data and personal data protection remains uneven. Target: more coherent open-data publication and stronger personal data protection safeguards are evidenced in IDPC monitoring, institutional practice and follow-up planning.	IDPC annual and thematic reports; project final report; digital governance reports; EU monitoring and sector reports.	Political or institutional changes reduce reform momentum; uneven inter-institutional cooperation; rapid digitalisation and AI deployment outpace safeguards.	Continued commitment to public administration reform, rule of law, EU approximation, and implementation of the Open Data Law and Personal Data Protection Law.

Specific (Project) Objective(s)	Strengthen the institutional capacity of the IDPC to ensure the effective implementation and monitoring of open data policies and personal data protection framework, including the proper publication of key datasets and the integration of personal data protection safeguards into digital and AI-related public sector initiatives, in line with the EU acquis and Member State best practices.	Baseline: IDPC and partner institutions face uneven practices, limited guidance tools, fragmented oversight arrangements and insufficient operational capacity in open data and personal data protection. Target: strategic and targeted guidelines are developed and trainings delivered to ensure coherent and robust implementation of the open data and personal data protection frameworks	Twinning quarterly and final reports; IDPC-approved strategic briefs, reviews and guidance; training records.	Staff – limited resources and turnover; limited absorptive capacity; delayed endorsement of outputs; insufficient resources for follow-up implementation.	IDPC leadership and partner institutions assign focal points, participate consistently, and integrate outputs into institutional practice and planning.
Mandatory results/outputs by components	Result 1 – Open Data: The institutional capacity of the IDPC is strengthened to ensure the effective implementation and monitoring of open data policies. Result 2 – Personal Data Protection: The institutional capacity of the IDPC is strengthened to ensure an effective implementation and monitoring of personal data protection framework. Result 3 –Communication: The communication and public awareness on open data and personal data protection is strengthened.		Strategic briefs; analytical reports; maturity assessment; guidance documents; toolkits; adopted methodologies; attendance lists; event materials; mission reports; implementation plan; Twinning reports.	Limited cooperation from sector institutions; technical constraints affecting platform reforms; limited access to information on AI applications; low participation in communication activities; follow-up funding gaps.	Relevant institutions, including IDPC, AKSHI, ministries, local bodies and other data-holding institutions, cooperate with assessments, training, consultations and follow-up actions.

Sub-results per component (optional and indicative)	Under Result 1 – Open Data Identified strategic approach to overseeing the implementation of open data policies and their linkage with transparency programmes, access-to-information, personal data protection and other related policies. Reviewed the architecture, content, and interoperability of the central open-data platforms (such as “Open Data Albania” and “Transparent Albania”), and their formats for data driven analysis. Reviewed the maturity of open-data practices across key public-sector institutions. Developed training toolkits and materials on open-data policies. Identified key datasets for publication especially in (1) high-interest sectors such as political finance, public spending, strategic investment schemes and public officials’ asset declarations; and (2) sectors vulnerable to corruption such as property (state cadastre), health and social care, education, public procurement, public-private partnerships, tax administration and customs. Reinforced the capacities of the IDPC units and entities from high-interest and vulnerable sectors on open-data governance. Under Result 2 – Personal Data Protection Identified strategic approach to overseeing implementation of personal data protection, in particular in relation to the digitalisation of public services		Under Result 1 – Open Data strategic brief on oversight of open data policies analytical report on the architecture, content and interoperability of ‘Open Data Albania’ and ‘Transparent Albania’ maturity assessment report on open data practices across key public sector institutions. open data training toolkit practical guidelines for enhancing open data policies in high-interest and high-risk sectors. list and description of datasets prioritised for publication in key sectors attendance lists and questionnaires from training sessions Under Result 2 - Personal Data Protection strategic brief on oversight of personal data protection in the context of digitalisation and AI assessment report on the national digitalisation strategy and AI methodology impact assessments of major AI driven	Delays in validation of outputs; insufficient data from institutions; competing institutional priorities; legal or technical sensitivity around AI and surveillance-related assessments.	Stable working relationships, timely access to institutional information, and management support for adoption of outputs and staff participation.
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	and the introduction of artificial intelligence and similar technologies. Assessed the existing governmental digitalisation strategy and AI methodology to enhance privacy by design models and controls. Supported jointly relevant data controllers in producing Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIA) on major applications driven by AI, such as public procurement and government installed surveillance applications. Reviewed how to balance and align open data and personal data protection policies. Reinforced the capacities of the relevant IDPC units. Under Result 3 – Communication Enhanced awareness of open data and personal data protection. Conducted visits to EU MS to study good practices in open data and personal data protection. Developed a concise post project plan outlining key follow up actions, responsibilities and indicative resource needs.		applications, such as in public procurement or public surveillance guidance on reconciling open data and personal data protection obligations attendance lists and questionnaires from training sessions Under Result 3 – Communication concepts of awareness raising actions on open data and personal data protection mission reports from study visits post-project implementation plan		
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